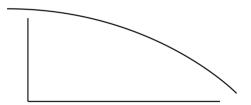
Imperfect Means for Alto Saxophone

Wilson Tanner Smith March 2018



Note

This piece reflects back what you put into it; Sincerity and presence, intention are paramount: within each moment (a moment can be quite long), each sound (a sound can be quite rich), to find *all that* glowing.

This piece, at its best, is to cast an eye towards that Something Else, always close at hand. Sincerity, lightness, presence, and allowing-to-be, in-itself.

This can be said in other words, other sounds but aren't they all imperfect means, distilling

(remember it's the coming together)

The aim, always, is to make the experience of this piece as intimate as possible (within yourself, for an audience)---draw *in* focus, close.

Hear it all(,) understood(,) as peculiar perfections

Imperfect Means is a study in the small and particular, and the much that lies in what seemed ordinary. The beauty to be found within shadings of "imperfection" requires sensitive focus towards the small embouchure manipulations of delicate multiphonic sounds, and the subtle timbral nuances discovered in repeated, slow-moving intervallic-melodic material. It is slow, quiet, close music.

Written for Brandon Quarles and premiered 10 March 2018 at the North American Saxophone Alliance Conference at University of Cincinnati College-Conservatory of Music in Cincinnati, OH.

Performance Notes

- The bracketed section on page 1 of the piece should be played as an open field of the material on the left side of the slash mark (the main motivic material of the page). The two figures should not simply alternate one to the other, but should be played in a non-patterned manner. This section should be roughly 3' long.
- Material on the right side of the large slash should be interspersed into the "main" material at performer's wish, but should not be repeated more than is specified next to each staff.
- Performer should venture to find and bring out the many different iterations, inflections, and other small elements of the broader resulting sound. Alternate fingerings (and accompanying pitch variations) should be used sparingly, or at the very least remain in a close range to the original pitches---too much variation (for example, beginning to hear a melody/arc in microtonal inflections over course of piece) draws focus away from the much that is already vibrating in this seemingly simple material.
- The entirety of the piece is to be played without vibrato.
- Duration of piece should be roughly 8'-11'

Multiphonic sounds:



A solid line connecting a single high pitch to a lower one over the course of a given note signifies to enter on the given single note, and gradually fill in the lower note approximately over the course of the given rhythm.



Multiphonics with a small, normal-shaped note head on the lower end should be played with the top note sounding much more strongly than the bottom (think roughly 80% over 20%).



Multiphonics notated with a very small empty dotted notehead should be played with the bottom note just barely present (roughly 95% over 5%). It is expected that these balances are only estimates and fluctuations will occur, but try to play as smoothly as possible

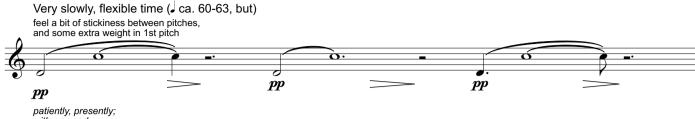


Indeterminate extremely high pitch played with teeth on the reed. Parenthetical note is to be taken as a target, but needs not be precisely produced.

Imperfect Means

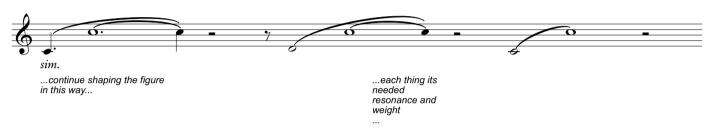
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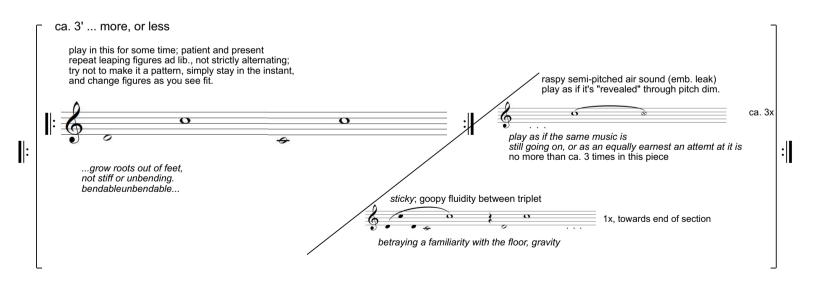


patiently, presently; with no need; finding much in little...

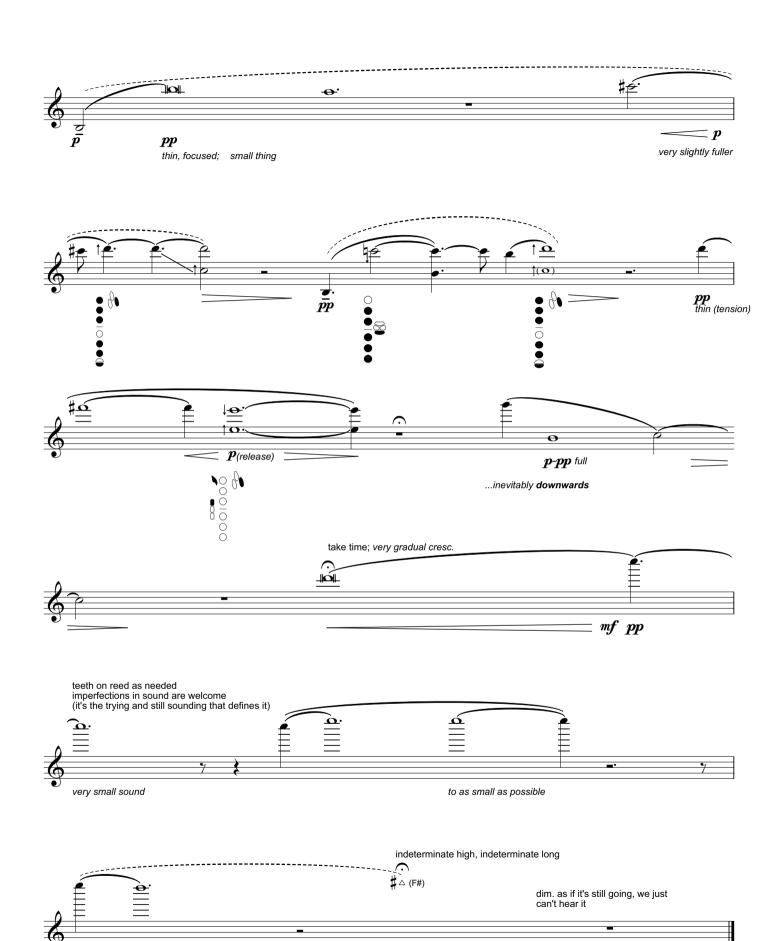
written note values become rough approximations











(small as possible)